## Enhanced Geothermal Systems (EGS) - Case study Groß Schönebeck -



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## **Enhanced geothermal systems**







## waterfracs (WF)

water / low viscous gels:	η	= 1 - 10 mPa s

without proppants or small proppant concentration: c = 50 - 200 g/l

long fractures:

small width:

x<sub>f</sub> ≤ 250 m

 $w_f \sim 1 \text{ mm}$ 

- reduction in costs compared or HPF
- application is limited to reservoirs with small permeability
- success is dependent on the self propping potential of the reservoir rock







## Hydraulic stimulation technique: hydraulic proppant fracs (HPF)

- high viscous gels: $\eta$ = 100 1000 mPa shigh proppant concentration:c= 200 2000 g/lshorter fractures: $x_f$ = 50 150 mbig width: $w_f$ = 5 25 mm
- wide range of formations (permeabilities) can be treated
- good control of stimulation parameters
- wellbore skin can be bypassed
- treatments are more expensive





## What are Proppants?











## Optical Investigation of Rock-Proppant Interaction

imprints of proppants proppant embedment

1mm

fines blocking pores of proppant pack

proppant embedment

and fines production

at the fracture face



abundant fines blocking pores at Bentheim ss fracture face

0.5mm

proppant crushing initiated at PP-contacts

smaller amount of fines at Flechtingen ss fracture face

amount of crushed HSP is small compared to ISP





#### Numerical Stress Modelling: Stress and Fracture Pattern





• fines production and pore blocking at the fracture face explains the mechanically induced FFS



#### CT Scan of Proppant Embedment and Fines Production





from A. Reinicke









#### Geological model Groß Schönebeck





#### GFZ well paths and frac orientation Groß Schönebeck site HELMHOLTZ ASSOCIATION









## **Doublet system Groß Schönebeck**







## **Frac Equipment**







## waterfrac treatment





## fracture propagation of waterfrac treatment

GFZ







## microseismic monitoring

E

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Kwiatek et al. Acta Geophysica 2010



## end of waterfrac treatment







## gel proppant treatment





#### **GFZ fracture propagation of gel-proppant treatment**





Hydraulic fracturing



21.88 17.50

13.13

8.750 4.375



#### Hofmann et al., 2013



#### Zimmermann & Reinicke, 2010



#### Yoon et al., 2013

-250

0

250

500

1000

750

-750 \_-500

-250

-500

-750

-1000



## production test (CLT)





mean flowrate =  $30.2 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ 

duration = 11.8 h production + 17.3 h shut-in









## temperature logs during CLT







## flowmeter logs during CLT







## acidizing and testing (CLT) 2009

GFZ

POTSDAM







## acidizing and testing (CLT) 2009



#### coil tubing unit

reel diameter 2"reel length 5000 m

#### acid placement

- 10 m<sup>3</sup> of hydrochloric acid
- 7.5 % concentration
- between 4360 4100 m MD
- for 30 minutes

casing lift test (CLT)

- pressure gauge in 2350 m
- duration 4 hours
- total volume 140 m<sup>3</sup>





GFZ





## injection - production

GFZ

POTSDAM





# Propagation of cold water front (135°C) around the injection well (75m<sup>3</sup>/h; 70°C) over a period of 30 years (Blöcher et al., 2009)

## interference with GrSk3

GFZ

POTSDAM



600 12 600 1,2 500 10 500 400bressure [par]300200 400 0,8 400 600 2 pressure [bar] gauge [m] 500 1,95 300 400 1.9 pressure [bar] gauge [m] 100 1,85 300 200 0 08:30 08:45 09:00 09:15 200 1,8 100 - 1,75 100 1,7 0 16:30 16:40 16:50 17:00 17:10 time 0 09.08 10.08 11.08 12.08 13.08 14.08 15.08 time



## Communication 4/05 with 3/90 during waterfrac stimulation 2007





GFZ POTSDAM Pressure increase due to stimulation treatment

• Discrete flow paths influence significantly the flow and temperature field of the reservoir





## interference with GrSk4





## flow between doublet





FEFLOW (R)

GFZ

POTSDAM





- Stimulation methods should be laid out individually depending on:
  - Rock properties
  - Stratigraphic sequences
  - Structural geological settings, stress field
  - Shear potential and self propping effect
- Application in Groß Schönebeck:
  - Waterfrac stimulation in volcanic rocks
  - 2 gel-proppant stimulations in sandstones
  - Acid stimulation in sandstones





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Exploration, Development, and Utilization



#### **Short description**

Experts in high temperature reservoirs -- in shallow and deep horizons in various geological situations in Europe -- provide basic, yet detailed knowledge on the utilization of European geothermal resources.

#### From the contents

Reservoir Definition Exploration Methods Drilling into Geothermal Reservoirs Enhancing Geothermal Reservoirs Geothermal Reservoir Simulation Energetic Use of EGS Reservoirs Economic Performance and Environmental Assessment